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THE EVENING NEWS REVIEW

More Local News
Published in the NEWS REVIEW than any other paper in the county.

TENTH YEAR. EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 24, 1895. TWO CENTS

Last Week of
The Peoples' Store
Big Drygoods Sale.

Shelves must be emptied this week to make room for the new goods now coming in rapidly every day.

BARGAINS.

Yard wide Bleached Muslin 3½c; best Prints 5c per yard; your choice of all Comforts left for $1; Blankets very cheap; 25c Dress Goods 12½c; 50c Dress Goods 25c; one lot of Hosiery for misses and ladies 5c per pair; 25c Hosiery 10c per pair.

OPENED TODAY.

One case Ladies' Muslin Underwear, one case French yard wide Cambric for ladies' shirt waists, price 15c per yard, and one case of Dress Goods, styles 1895.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.
H. E. PORTER, Fifth St. and the Diamond.

SOAP
For the Masses.
25 GROSS
BUTTERMILK and..
GLYCERINE
TOILET SOAPS.
5c a Cake; 55c a Dozen.
Also a Limited Quantity of the
CELEBRATED
CUTICURA SOAP
At 15 Cents a Cake.
Comments are Unnecessary.
If you want to buy the best Toilet Soaps in the Market at Half Price
Come to
The Boston Store.
A. S. YOUNG, 138 and 140 Fifth St., East Liverpool, O.
N. B.—Received today another consignment of triple plated silver knives, forks and teaspoons. Come early before they are all gone.

POTTERS PRETTY PLAN

How They Propose to Build the Club House.

SOLICITORS ARE AT WORK

A General Meeting of Stockholders and Workers Will Be Held on Monday Evening—The Resolutions Calling For the Structure.

The operative potters decided fully upon the plan of their building organization last night by the adoption of the following resolutions:

WHEREAS, The operative potters of the city of East Liverpool having no hall or building suitable for the holding of meetings held for the purpose of discussing affairs pertaining to their trade; and

WHEREAS, At a meeting of said operative potters held in Red Men's hall, Monday evening, Jan. 14, 1895, for the purpose of devising some means whereby the operative potters may become the possessors of a hall or building suitable to their needs, after some discussion, a committee was appointed to draw up some definite plan for the formation of a company for the purpose of erection or purchasing of such building or hall, and at a later meeting held in Red Men's hall Friday evening, Jan. 18, the committee reported the following plan:

Resolved, That the operative potters of the city of East Liverpool and vicinity form a joint stock company, to be known as the Operative Potters' Building and Hall company; said company to be incorporated under the laws of the state of Ohio, and the capital stock of said company to be fixed at $20,000, divided into 2,000 shares at $10 each; and

WHEREAS, It being the intent and purpose of the incorporators and subscribers of stock in said company, that any building or hall acquired so that they may become possessors of through virtue of this charter, shall, in the end, become the property of the corporation incorporated and doing business under the name, and known as the National Brotherhood of Operative Potters.

The subscribers and holders of stock or shares of stock in the Operative Potters' Building and Hall company agree that their possession of stock or certificates of stock in the aforesaid Operative Potters' Building and Hall company, shall be subject to sale by the directors of said company upon the demand of the National Brotherhood of Operative Potters or its justified officers, for any share or shares of stock of the aforesaid Operative Potters' Building and Hall company. The above rules to stay into effect until such time as the said corporation known as the National Brotherhood of Operative Potters shall become sole owners of building, hall, stock or other property of the said Operative Potters' Building and Hall company; upon condition that the said stock purchased by the National Brotherhood of Operative Potters shall be bought and sold at the face value of the certificate of stock, and be it further

Agreed, That the dividends or earnings distributed among and to the stockholders and holders of certificates of the said Operative Potters' Building and Hall company shall at no time during the existence of the company exceed six per cent per annum.

Should the earnings of the aforesaid company at any time exceed the six per cent payable as dividends, all such sums in excess of said six per cent per annum shall be devoted and turned into a sinking fund to be used by the directors of the company for the purchasing of certificates of shares of stock of the Operative Potters' Building and Hall company in the name of the National Brotherhood of Operative Potters.

The method of determining what share or shares of stock shall be subject to right of purchase by the directors for the National Brotherhood of Operative Potters shall be by drawing numbers from a box containing the numbers of stock certificates in possession of the original owner, or that may have been acquired by right of purchase by others than that purchased by the National Brotherhood of Operative potters, and be it furthered agreed by the holders of certificates of stock in the Operative Potters Building & Hall company that upon the receipt of notice from the directors of said company that any share or shares of said stock held by them or in his or her name having been drawn and subject to purchase the holder of such stock or stocks (drawn as prescribed by rules and regulations of the company) shall turn over to said directors all such stock or stocks as the case may be, upon the receipt of the face value of said stocks, and any earnings or dividend that may have accrued since the payment of previous dividends which at no time shall exceed six per cent for any one year. The preceding rules and such others that may be adopted by the stockholders and directors shall govern the said company, providing that the stockholders or directors shall at no time adopt or pass rules and regulations or bylaws in conflict with the original rules and regulations adopted at the time the company was formed, except where such rule or regulation or bylaw may be in conflict with the laws of the state of Ohio in vogue at the time of the incorporation of the said Operative Potters' Building and Hall company. The above prospectus and rules are subject to change by the stockholders at the time the company is regularly formed, also as to the name of the company.

It is expected that the soliciting committee will have its work well under way by next Monday evening when a general meeting will be held in Red Men's hall. All the interested ones as well as the subscribers are asked to attend. The solicitors are busy today calling on prospective stockholders.

Expose of the Stamp Scheme.

Yesterday the NEWS REVIEW mentioned the fact that people in this city were sending stamps to Miss Rena Brown, of Kaneville, Ill., in order to help that young lady through a medical college. The scheme is fully exposed by the Youngstown Telegram, which says Miss Brown is not crippled, and that she and a sister-in-law have already received 15,000,000 stamps and several thousand dollars in money. She gets thousands of letters every day, and last Monday received 15,000 while on Tuesday she had 12,000 letters. The scheme is pronounced a huge fake, as the stamps are sold by Miss Brown.

E. M. Crosser's Position.

The many friends of E. M. Crosser, the well known East Liverpool merchant who will be the next recorder of the county, will be pleased to hear that his friends are active in his cause, and making votes for him at every opportunity. Although the nomination is more than a year in the future, the aspirants for recognition are already springing to the surface. Mr. Crosser, however, has a long start, and being a thorough man, popular with all who know him, is leading them all in an interesting manner.

Wants Officials to Move.

A prominent member of council is anxious to have some move made in the hospital project without delay, and thinks the Columbiana delegation in the legislature should pledge themselves to secure a $50,000 appropriation before they secure the support of this part of the county, and this part has a lot to say about the disposition of the plum. He thinks that a legislative committee composed of members of council, board of commerce and the physicians' society should be formed at once.

Coming Next Month.

The advance guard of the crockery and glass jobbers have come east to attend the meeting in New York the first week in February in the conference committee which met with the glass manufacturers in Pittsburg yesterday. They will end the meeting in New York, and on their way home stop for crockery purchases in this city, although some of them will be in Pittsburg. It is generally understood that the glass purchase will be made as they go east.

Needed in Wellsville.

An effort is being made to organize a branch of the Young Men's Christian association in Wellsville. People who are interested in the cause have passed around a subscription paper, and have been rewarded by securing a number of names. There is no reason why Wellsville should not have an association since other places, not more than half its population, are supporting some of the best organizations of that character. And Wellsville needs it.

Taken to Johnstown.

David Williams died at the home of his niece, Mrs. Powell, in Gardendale yesterday after a long illness. Deceased was aged 75 and unmarried. The remains were shipped on the 8 o'clock train to Johnstown, where services will be held and interment made today.

Continued the Case.

The hearing in the suit of the Stroh Brewing company against Ferd Oschman was this morning continued in the court of Squire Rose.

SOME CHURCH HISTORY

A Few Interesting Points of the First Presbyterian.

MEMBERS BECOME MINISTERS

Others Have Entered Missionary Work. The Different Chapels and How They Were Organized—An Unique Church Bell—The Jubilee Celebration Begins Tomorrow.

All preparations for the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the First Presbyterian church have been made, and all is in readiness to begin tomorrow afternoon. The program as published in the NEWS REVIEW will be carried out with the possible exception of several minor changes. Luncheon will be served in the church at 12:30 o'clock, and the first service will be held in the afternoon. Doctor Marshall is expected here from Des Moines tomorrow morning, but may arrive this evening.

The original membership of the church was 16; at present it is 1030, and the only surviving member of the faithful few is Mrs. Thomas Blythe. The first pastor was Rev. Reuben Lewis, and the former pastors who are now living are Doctor Dickson, Canfield; Rev. Samuel H. McKown, Ferhordstown, W. Va.; T. V. Milligan, D. D., Freeport, Pa.; Doctor Marshall, Des Moines, Ia. Of these, Doctors Milligan and Marshall will attend the jubilee; the others cannot come. A coincidence in connection with the ministers is the fact that Doctor Dickson, Doctor Milligan and Doctor Gaston, a son of the church, were all seminary classmates. The fruitfulness of the church is shown by the fact that two other ministers, Rev. Hill, Waynesburg, and Rev. S. F. Mark, Tidioute, Pa., together with O. C. Crawford, an evangelist licensed by presbytery with the ministry in view, will be present. Miss Maggie Crawford is at the Moody institute in Chicago, taking a special course preparatory to taking up mission work. Her sister, Miss Lizzie, is now actively engaged as a missionary to the Nez Perces Indians and is located in Idaho. Mrs. B. A. Gaston, a member of the church, is matron at Mary Allen seminary, a school for colored girls in Texas, and Miss Belle Johnson a former member, who was once a teacher in the schools here, is an instructor in the same institution. Mrs. B. M. Johnson, a member, is in charge of the industrial department of Mary Holmes seminary at Jackson, Miss., but is temporarily on a vacation because of injuries received by being thrown from a Cleveland street car. She is slowly recovering.

As an evidence of the growth of the church in the past 50 years may be noted the fact that the original church building, a small one story affair, built in 1848, or near that time, was used for about 20 years. The next edifice, and one of far greater pretensions, was a two story brick building, built in 1868, and torn down in 1888. This was a very comfortable, and in its day, a handsome building, and would, even today, be considered, architecturally, to be in good taste, but was inadequate to accommodate those who wished to worship with the congregation, and the old building was torn down and the present beautiful structure erected.

The mission work of the church has an interesting history. Probably 15 years ago, Mrs. L. B. Curry, who is still an active member, conceived the idea of taking care, in a religious way, of the children and youth of the West End, better known as Jethro, and with rare genius, there being no suitable building at hand, called the children together under the shade of the oaks which abounded in that neighborhood. Soon she found her efforts were appreciated by the people, the children particularly, and the way was opened for the organization of a school in a little building owned by Col. H. R. Hill and Mr. J. M. Kelly. Here for a few years the children assembled, keeping various forms of order, from bad to indifferent, and from that to good. In the early days the method pursued by Mrs. Curry in calling her assemblage together was unique. A dinner bell, rung vigorously through the streets, was all that was necessary and her eager audience promptly responded. But what seemed to be but a germ no larger than a mustard seed soon grew to great dimensions. The church finally undertook to foster the enterprise before carried on by Mrs. Curry with the assistance of a few helpers, and a chapel was built at a cost of $1000. As the city grew, greater interest was taken by the church, or indeed the church, perhaps, was then better able to still enlarge its usefulness, and today a handsome building erected three years ago, the West End chapel—which might with perfect propriety be named Curry chapel—stands a monument to the untiring efforts and Christian zeal of Mrs. Curry and other Christian workers. This mission is in successful operation and has upwards of 300 in attendance. The superintendent of the Sabbath school is W. A. Hill; the assistant superintendent is Will V. Harris. The mission in the East End has long since been established as a permanent organization, and is now known as the Second Presbyterian church. For about four years it had a pastor in the person of Rev. H. A. Cooper, now of Paola, Kan. It is at present vacant, but efforts are being made to secure the services of a pastor. The North Side chapel is the latest development in the church in the line of missionary enterprise. Here is a good building and mission school with a corps of 15 teachers. The attendance on last Sabbath was nearly 200.

Nearly all of the members of the church during its earlier days have gone to their reward. Mr. Theophilus B. Harrison, for many years an elder, died a few months ago in St. Paul, Minn. James Gaston was an elder for 32 years, and died 10 or 11 years ago.

At one time there were two members of the session named John Smith. The one longest a member was the father of Miss Mary and Messrs. George and Thomas Smith, and the sessional records show him to have been simply John Smith, while the other member was designated as John Smith, sawyer.

COULDN'T GET THE KEY.

Trouble After a Fire Was Found This Morning.

The fire department was called this morning to the alley between Sixth and Seventh streets, and succeeded in extinguishing a blaze which might have gained much greater proportions.

The fire was in the house owned by John Peake and occupied by James Ford, and had its origin in a chimney. The family was awakened at five o'clock, and finding the rooms filled with smoke decided that the house was on fire. A boy was sent to ring in the alarm and Ford attempted to move his wife, who was confined to her bed by illness, to a place of safety. After searching for a key, and finding no one who knew anything about it the boy ran to the fire station where he turned in an alarm from the new box. The department was out in short order, and reaching the house tore off the blazing boards while the chemicals were busy in the interior. A few minutes sufficed to extinguish the flames and save damage. The house is an old brick structure covered with boards, and to this is largely due the small damage sustained. Ford was indignant this morning because the boy could not find the key to the box, and suggested that printed lists be placed in conspicuous places. For a night run the company made excellent time.

Some One Has Blundered.

Mayor Gilbert said this morning that there was nothing in the story of the Wellsville outcasts finding homes in East Liverpool. When the gang were turned out of their houses they at once went to Wheeling knowing that they would never be allowed to carry on their nefarious business at this place. Many of them are originally from Wheeling, and it is but in line with their actions that they again seek that town. It is possible that some of the crowd came here, but if so the number is small.

Still at Large.

Dan Cochran rushed into city hall the other evening and created a commotion by announcing that he had been assaulted by some "squat-eyed" individual who stoned him. Chief Gill gave the complaint his personal attention, and sought eagerly for a man whose eyes were "squat," but as Daniel could give no other description, and the chief has not yet settled in his mind the meaning of that peculiar term, the assailant is still at large, and Daniel is disappointed.

Trouble at Rochester.

The county commissioners were yesterday in Rochester, a small town in this county on the Cleveland and Pittsburg, to investigate the trouble in the school board of that place. The community has been torn asunder by the building of a school house, and matters assumed such proportions last week as to necessitate the presence of the commissioners.

Wire Down Again.

The trolley wire on the electric railway was torn down near the camp ground station again this morning, and passengers are being transferred.

CAUGHT IN THE COILS

Bruises and Broken Bones in a River Accident.

FOUR MEN THROWN OVERBOARD

Two of Them Being Caught in Coils of Rope and Tossed High in the Air. Clothing Torn Off and Legs Crushed—A Close Call For Deckhands on the Pacific No. 2.

An accident which occurred on the river last night came near costing four men their lives, and two of them will consider it a narrow escape if they recover.

The towboat Pacific No. 2, Captain Gould in command, was laid up near the glass works yesterday on account of the ice. In the afternoon it was found necessary to coal, and the boat came up to the Jutte floats at the foot of Washington street. The entire crew consisted of 38 men and while about 20 of them were working on a fleet which was in danger of breaking loose the balance shoveled coal. The men on the barges knew their danger, and saw that the ice was fast getting the best of the struggle, but worked like beavers. The crash came and the men were knocked down like ninepins. All but four had the good fortune to fall in the barges, and the others are wondering today how they escaped alive. The fleet went to pieces, and the coils of rope caught two unfortunates. One was a New York man, and he was the most seriously injured. His right leg was suddenly grasped as if in a vice, and as the rope with a jerk tightened around the leg and crushed the flesh and bone, until he screamed. But it was all over in an instant. The rope slipped down over his leg taking pant's leg, underclothing and sock away as evenly as if scissors had severed the cloth and here and there the skin was broken. When it came to the foot, the coil tore away a piece of the leather and with another jerk hurled the victim high up in the air. He came down in the river, and sank beneath a cake of ice. Another deckhand, a Pittsburg man, was caught by a coil of rope in like manner but fared better. The rope slipped over his leg cutting away the clothing, and after breaking and crushing his ankle tore the shoe and sock off his foot, and tossed him fully 30 feet in the air, as calculated by the mate who saw the affair. The Pittsburg man, like his companion, fell in the water, and when the yawl reached him he was unconscious. The New York man was rescued in a similar condition. He had caught the side of the boat once, but his fingers were frozen and he let go. Doctor Laughlin was called, and after the water was pumped out of the men their broken bones were set. After two hours work they were restored to consciousness, and suffering no pain whatever, fell asleep. The men's names were not learned, but the Pittsburg man has spent four years on the ocean and both men belong to the marine association which insures their welfare in time of sickness. They are now aboard the boat, and will be taken to Mercy hospital. Two other men were thrown in the water, and rescued with difficulty.

Given a Divorce.

Special to the NEWS REVIEW.

LISBON, Jan. 24.—Raymond Knight was granted a divorce today, the defendant being Mary J. Knight. He claimed general infidelity on her part, and explained that she treated him with great cruelty. The evidence was sensational.

The motion filed by William Monaghan and Thomas Silver to set aside the sale of the Hostetter House was overruled by Judge Taylor today. They claim that the property was sold for less than its value.

Trouble For These People.

Special to the NEWS REVIEW.

LISBON, Jan. 24.—V. R. Todd filed a suit today asking judgment against Samuel Johnson to recover 31 acres of land in Wayne township. The petition says that Johnson has held it for some time.

The board of education of Salem township filed an action to quiet the title to an acre of land belonging to them in that township. John C. Farmer is made the defendant, and it is asked that he be required to set up his claim to the property.

A Liverpool Man Interested.

A Beaver paper of yesterday says:

"The prospects for the new pottery being built at Wallace Run this coming spring is very bright. There is also talk of a sewer tile factory. A gentleman from East Liverpool was here last week and inspected the clay and the surroundings. He was very favorably impressed."

THE NEWS REVIEW.

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EAST LIVERPOOL, O., THURSDAY, JAN. 24.

UNION LABEL

For President,
WILLIAM McKINLEY,
Of Ohio.

THE weather is almost as erratic as one of Carlisle's currency schemes.

THE manufacturers are talking a great deal in Cincinnati, telling each other what a wonderful country is this in which we live.

SOME good men are being made senators this winter, but it is none too soon, for the country needs all the brains it can find just now.

THE Youngstown Telegram has been spending some of its surplus cash for a new heading, and it improves the old lady's appearance.

THE boom to make John Sherman the presidential candidate of his party will not go far from the place which gave it birth. William McKinley is the logical selection.

A BILL prohibiting the display of foreign flags on public buildings was passed in New York the other day. After awhile the people of that state will learn they are living under the starry flag of freedom.

BILLS have been introduced in the legislatures of Massachusetts and Missouri making it unlawful for ladies to wear their hats in theaters. Those measures should become laws at the earliest possible moment.

A WRITER in the Cincinnati Times-Star says that the low price of cotton is not caused by overproduction, but by a decreased demand, and he is right. When there was no Democratic majority in congress to curtail wages and compel people to live on wages so low that they could not afford to buy cotton goods, the price was all right. Thus does the sword show two sharp edges and cut in more than one direction.

GET YOUR MONEY'S WORTH.

There is no reason why Columbiana county should not have as good material when it employs its servants as could be secured by a private individual in search of help. At present there are many in search of employment by being elected to office, and their claims are as varied as their reasons for seeking support. Some look upon the positions as the legitimate result of months and years spent in the service of the party, and all, apparently, believe they should be chosen because of their especial fitness. The NEWS REVIEW believes that the first requisite is business ability, and that all other qualifications, claims, they might properly be styled, should be relegated to the man in its favor. There is no reason why good men should not be selected when so many can be found, and the NEWS REVIEW believes that county business should be operated on a principle which means the best service for the least money without any manifestation of a desire to have something for nothing. Good officials can be secured as well as those who are not able to hold a position of trust.

Butter and eggs, the nicest in the market; get them of McIntosh, West Sixth street.

White flannels away below cost at Wallace's.

McIntosh, the Grocer, West Sixth street. Best goods at lowest prices.

Full line dress goods below cost at Wallace's.

Buy your groceries of McIntosh, West Sixth street.

Corsets, best in market, below cost, at Wallace's.

Buy provisions of McIntosh, West Sixth street.

JONES' BILL FAVORED.

Democratic Senators Think It a Good Compromise.

DOUBTS AS TO ANY BILL PASSING,

But If One Does It Will Be on the General Lines of Jones' Currency Measure—Morgan, Ransom and Camden Declare For It.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Democratic senators generally regard Senator Jones' currency bill with favor as a compromise measure, and while there were many expressions of doubt as so whether it would be possible to pass any bill during the present session, it was the general opinion that if any bill should pass it would be on the general lines indicated by the Jones bill.

"It is," said Senator Morgan, "a compromise measure. I am for it, and I think that if it would become a law, it would be in the interest of the general welfare. It would unquestionably cause an easing up of the financial stringency and make better times."

Senator Ransom also pronounced the bill as good and Senator Camden said: "I am heartily in favor of the bill. Though a financial measure at this season of congress is almost a necessity, the objects to be covered by any sound financial legislation should embrace the reinforcement of the treasury and provision for the retirement of the greenbacks and treasury notes, which are a menace to the gold reserve. In order to do this some recognition must be given to silver. This bill covers these points in the most conservative way, and if this bill cannot pass, I can think of no measure that can be passed covering these points."

NEW CURRENCY BILLS.

Senators Jones and Smith Introduce Measures In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The treasury emergency was the main theme before the senate, and for the time being the Hawaiian question was laid aside. Mr. Jones (Dem., Ark.) and Mr. Smith (Dem., N. J.) each representing a most influential element in the majority of the senate, presented plans for meeting the currency complication. The propositions differed widely, Mr. Smith's providing for a temporary bond issue pending an investigation by a "monetary commission" composed of senators, members of the house and civilians, while Mr. Jones' plan provides for a bond issue and conditional restoration of silver. The two senators urged their respective measures in speeches which received close attention from a well-filled senate and crowded galleries.

Mr. Turpie (Dem., Ind.) concluded his speech against the Nicaragua canal bill, becoming bitterly personal at the close against Mr. Morgan, author of the bill, and against the measure itself as the consummation of Cheap John, Peter Funk legislation. During the day Mr. Burrows (Michigan) made his first appearance in the senate since the Michigan legislature promoted him to the upper branch of congress.

The Session of the House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Mr. Dingley (Me.) called the attention of the house to what he termed the utter failure of the Paris tribunal's regulations for the protection of the Alaskan seal herd and to the probability of the complete extinction of the herd unless steps were immediately taken to secure a co-operation of Great Britain for the protection of the seals. The remainder of the day was devoted to the consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill. Rapid progress was made. Fifty-five pages of the 105 in the bill were disposed of without amendment before adjournment.

The Gold Reserve Getting Low.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Advices from Assistant United States Treasurer Jordan at New York state that the total withdrawals of gold from the subtreasury yesterday was $1,700,000, which leaves the true amount of gold reserve at the close of business $66,795,000, or about $3,000,000 less than on the date of the announcement of the last bond issue.

Will Test the Income Tax.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The petition of John G. Moore for a mandamus against Commissioner of Internal Revenue Miller to prevent the collection of the income tax has been overruled by Judge Bagner in the district equity court. The case will now be taken in appeal to the United States supreme court in order to test the constitutionality of the income tax law.

Elkins Formally Chosen Senator.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 24.—The legislature, in joint session, has elected Stephen B. Elkins to succeed Johnson N. Camden as United States senator. At separate meetings of the two houses Elkins received a majority in the house, but in the senate the vote was a tie, owing to H. C. Lockney, Fusion Republican, voting for a Populist. Considerable doubt was expressed, even by friends of Elkins, as to whether he would be legally chosen unless he received a majority of both houses, but it is now the universal opinion that he is legally elected.

Platt's Man Won.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—The final struggle for the presidency of the Republican county committee resulted in the defeat of William M. Brookfield and the election of Edward Lauterbach by a vote of 79 to 65. Lauterbach was the candidate of the Platt forces.

More Jap Troops Land.

SHANGHAI, Jan. 24.—It is reported here that a further Japanese force has landed at Ning-Hai, between Chefoo and Wei-Hai-Wei, the object being to surround the latter place. General Sun, with 2,000 men, has gone to oppose the invaders.

Five Men Killed.

STURGIS, Ky., Jan. 24.—At the mines of the Tradewater Coal company five kegs of powder exploded, killing five men and caving the mine in on them.

LORD CHURCHILL DEAD.

The Erratic English Statesman at Last Gives Up the Struggle.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—Lord Randolph Churchill is dead.

Lord Randolph Henry Spencer Churchill was the second son of the seventh Duke of Marlborough. He was born on Feb. 13, 1849, and was educated at Merton college, Oxford. He represented Woodstock in the house of commons from February, 1874, until April, 1880, and again from that time (when he was returned with a diminished ma-



LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL.

jority) until November, 1885. He afterwards stood for Birmingham, but was defeated and was then returned for South Paddington.

On the accession of Lord Salisbury's government to office in 1885, Lord Randolph Churchill filled the post of secretary of state for India. Lord Randolph's short tenure of the India office was marked by the annexation of upper Burmah. Departmental work, however, did not prevent his taking great part in the struggle which, at the general election of November, 1885, again returned the Liberals to power. He resigned office with Lord Salisbury to return, after six months, as chancellor of the exchequer and leader of the house of commons; but, to the surprise of all, he resigned suddenly in December of the same year.

Lord Randolph married, in 1874, Miss Jennie Jerome, daughter of the late Leonard Jerome of New York. He has since become a prominent member of the Primrose club. Lord and Lady Churchill visited this country, for the first time in many years, last summer, and then continued westward on a tour of the world, from which they returned, landing in London only a few days ago. It was, however, a vain search for health.

May Order a Sympathetic Strike.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 24.—H. B. Martin of the national executive board, Knights of Labor, has gone to New York. It is understoop on good authority that his mission is in connection with the street car strike in Brooklyn. It is known that the executive board has under consideration the calling out of other Knights of Labor on other street car systems. In a recent interview he admitted that the question of a sympathetic strike was under serious consideration.

Died Like His Father.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 24.—George R. Jackson, aged 25, son of John Jackson, once a grain plunger and elevator owner here, has committed suicide at his home, 2103 Park avenue. He hanged himself. There is absolutely no known cause for the deed. His father hanged himself April 13, 1889, in the office of his elevator, having been crazed by heavy losses in wheat speculation.

No Lynching Indictments.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Jan. 24.—Telegrams from Jasper county state that the special session of the superior court, called to investigate lynchings, has adjourned without returning any indictments. Seventy witnesses were summoned, but no evidence could be got from them as to those who had taken part in the lynchings.

General Sewell Elected Senator.

TRENTON, Jan. 24.—The joint meeting of the legislature for the formal declaring of the result of the balloting for United States senator was held in the assembly chamber and President Stokes, who was maid chairman, declared that General Sewell, having received a majority of the votes cast, was duly elected United States senator.

Short About $15,000.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—Morris B. Pike, vice president of the International Cement company of Chicago, is missing, and is charged by his partners with the embezzlement of about $15,000. Pike left his wife and child both dangerously ill at the Metropole hotel, where he is said to be heavily indebted.

Senator Cullom Formally Re-Elected.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Jan. 24.—Shelby M. Cullom (Rep.) has been formally declared re-elected as United States senator in the joint assembly. Senator Cullom delivered a short address, thanking the legislators and touching briefly upon the currency situation.

The Weather.

Fair; west winds.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

Frank Bradley has been nominated for postmaster at Chagrin Falls, O.

General Stephen N. Benet is dead at Washington.

The New York Baseball club has been sold to a Mr. Treedman.

A cotton compress burned at Chattanooga. Loss, $88,000.

The plant of the Chicago Sash, Door and Blind company was destroyed by fire. Loss, $50,000, covered by insurance.

Cardinal Gibbons is to visit in Mexico.

Peter Garrahan, president of the Maryland Progressive Improvement company of New York, has been arrested on a charge of swindling.

Mrs. J. Coleman Drayton has arrived in New York, probably to fight her husband's divorce case.

The house committee on election of president and vice president agreed to report a joint resolution amending the Constitution so as to provide that the president shall be eligible to serve but one term. There was one dissenting vote.

MAGNATES ARE FIRM.

Refuse to Settle With the Brooklyn Strikers.

A SYMPATHIZER FATALLY SHOT.

Soldiers Fire on Him For Throwing at Them—The Victim of a Former Riot Dies of His Wound—Many Linemen Still at Work.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 24.—The executive board of district assembly No. 75, Knights of Labor, has waited on President Norton with an offer to arbitrate. Mr. Norton refused point blank. The executive committee has issued the following manifesto:

"Our representative, agreeable to instructions, called on Benjamin Norton, Esq., president of the Atlantic Avenue Railroad company, and presented or offered to accept Mr. William J. Richardson, a director in the Atlantic Avenue Railroad company and secretary-treasurer of the American and New York State Street Railroad union, of 27 years' experience in railroad affairs, as a person to whom we could unconditionally submit our grievances for adjustment, in accordance with the announced resolution, but Mr. Norton declined to treat with our representatives in any way."

The refusal indicates that the companies feel no abatement of confidence that they will win the fight. That the strikers made the overture after having been several times repulsed in the same quarter, may be regarded as indicating that they have lost some confidence and are anxious for peace. Indeed, it is alleged that for three days the highest hope has been that they might be able to extort from the companies the concession that those who abandoned their cars ten days ago should be reinstated and the new hands brought here to take their places discharged.

Before the time arrived when General McLeer was to make an answer to the habeas corpus proceedings for the release of 300 strikers imprisoned in Odd Fellows' hall, in the supreme court before Judge Gaynor, the men had been released. They were driven into Odd Fellows' hall during a charge. When the trouble was over the men demanded to be released, but the doors of the building were kept locked and the men were kept in confinement for several hours. The release of the strikers rendered the writ inoperative.

John Ahns, the New York man who was shot in the jaw by the militia at Halsey street, has died at St Mary's hospital.

As a company of the Twenty-third regiment was escorting a Hicks street car, Thomas Kearney is said to have thrown a number of bricks at it from the roof, and the soldiers, as it was passing 444 Hicks street. Some of the soldiers were hit by the missiles, and one of their number took deliberate aim and shot Kearney in the side. The man was so seriously injured that the chances of his recovery are but slight.

Corporal Doyle of Company H, Seventh regiment, while on duty at the Knickerbocker avenue station of the Union Avenue Elevated line, told a crowd on the steps to move on. They refused. Doyle struck one man on the shoulder with his clubbed musket, smashing the musket and knocking the man down. He also jabbed his bayonet into another man, deep enough to draw blood. Both men were taken away by their friends.

Fifty-nine cars in all have been run out of the East New York depot; 30 on the Fulton street, and 29 on the Broadway routes. The first car run since the strike has been run on the Jamaica route.

Superintendent Harris of the Suburban railroad, at Sumner avenue and Bergen streets, has been arrested by Lieutenants Clayton and McLeod of Company F, Seventy-first regiment, for persisting in moving cars in which the members of the regiment were sleeping.

While a car was passing the Pequod club—the strikers' headquarters at Fifty-fifth street—some 300 men who had assembled there, jeered and denounced the escort and hurled several volleys of stones at the men who were removing the obstacles.

Lieutenant Bagley, who was in charge of the troops, called on them to disperse. The strikers replied by another avalanch of stones. Lieutenant Bagley then ordered his men to charge and strike the rioters with the flat of their sabers. On this being done, the strikers ran away.

Car No. 925 left the depot for Fulton ferry. Sharp-shooters were posted on the roof of the depot and on the platform of the elevated railway at Fifty-eighth street, covering the streets at each side of the stables on the east and west side of the avenue. The strikers congregated on a vacant lot 20 yards from the avenue, but made no demonstration worthy of notice. Twenty policeman, under Captain Handy of the Eighteenth precinct, were on hand. Officer Kelleher stood beside Motorman Schmitt, and Officer Gallagher next to the conductor.

The mounted policemen enclosed the car, and the signal was given to start. The motorman made the pace a hot one, and the run was made to Fulton ferry in 30 minutes.

Not a single stone was thrown during the trip. At the paper factory of Robert Graves at Thirty-fifth street, a girl dropped a piece of paper from an upper window, but the presentation of a rifle in a militiaman's hands on the sidewalk, accompanied by the order, "Close every window or I'll fire," caused every window to be at once shut.

When it was found that the linemen were at work as usual repairing the damage done during the night, Master Workman Connelly denied that he had ordered the men to strike. Later in the day, after the episode at Odd Fellows' hall, he declared again that the linemen were on strike. There are no indications of the linemen quitting work. They are under contract with the companies for from 30 to 90 days. In isolated cases crews have refused to take orders to repair wires which have been cut by the strikers or their friends. As a class they remain loyal to their employers.

KENILWORTH IVY.

If You Want the Real Thing, Never Go to Kenilworth Castle For It.

"'Could I get some slips of Kenilworth ivy anywhere about the ruins?' I heard a woman ask of the lodgekeeper at Kenilworth castle one day," said a traveler.

"'You are an American, aren't you, madam?' asked the keeper, with a smile.

"'Why, yes, but what of that?' responded the lady, with some slight embarrassment.

"'All American ladies come and ask me for Kenilworth ivy after they have searched in every nook and corner of the ruins for it,' explained the keeper. 'They have told me how common it is in America and how much it is prized, and generally explained that they have promised to take some of the real thing back from Kenilworth ruins for friends at home. They tell me they expected to find the ruins of Kenilworth castle overgrown with the beautiful "Kenilworth ivy," and that it is generally supposed in America that such is the case, and that the ivy first came from here or is named after these ruins because of its abundance here.'

"The woman nodded assent to all this, and the keeper continued:

"'But what you know as "Kenilworth ivy" doesn't grow in or about Kenilworth ruins, as you've no doubt discovered.' And he smiled again, and the woman also smiled in an embarrassed way, for she had been hunting every inch of the ruins over, looking for the plant. 'From the description of the plant which Americans give me I think it is what we call ground or wood ivy that you treasure so much. It has a small, bright green leaf and bears a tiny white flower. It grows on the ground in the thickets and under the hedges in cool places, but I never saw it growing on a wall as the common ivy does. I don't think there is much of it anywhere hereabouts, but it grows in abundance in some places farther south. The American ladies always seem very much disappointed when I tell them "Kenilworth ivy" doesn't grow here in Kenilworth, and I'm very sorry I can't give you some, ma'am.'

"And the woman turned away, with a little sigh, as she thought of the hanging basket at home which was to have been filled with 'real Kenilworth ivy' and of the many friends to whom she had promised slips of the 'real thing' when it had grown. The ruins of Kenilworth castle are covered with thick masses of ivy, but it isn't 'Kenilworth ivy,' but just the common kind."—New York Sun.

Triumph of Bad Spelling.

Mr. R. E. Bartlett, Chelmsford, writes: "I can beat the achievement of Charles Edward, who, by spelling box 'botsk,' made more mistakes than the letters admit of. I have in my possession a letter addressed many years ago to my father, in which 13 mistakes are made in a single word of five letters. The word is, or was meant to be, usage; the spelling is yowzitch. There are thus five sins of omission and eight of commission; total, 13."—London News.

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Plumbing, Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitting.

No. 233 Broadway.

Have ten years of practical experience in the business. Five years have been spent in East Liverpool, and my patrons speak good words for me. All work absolutely guaranteed as specified. The very best of materials used. Prices are reasonable. Give me a trial and I feel assured that I will retain your custom. I attend to all work within the line of a

Work Done When Promised.
Leave Your Orders.
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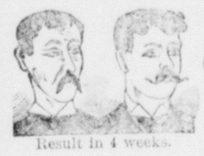
A String Band.

Yes; why not? Boys, look here. Girls, if you please. Why not organize a String Band among your mates. All you need is a few Zimmermann Autoharps. You can learn to play these instruments very quickly. They don't cost much. You'll have a string band before you know it. Come round to the store and talk it over.

THE SMITH MUSIC COMPANY,
Corner of Fourth and Washington Streets.



DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS.
The only safe, sure and reliable Female PILL ever offered to Ladies, especially recommended to married Ladies.
Ask for DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS and take no other. Send for circular. Price $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00.
DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., - Cleveland, Ohio.
For Sale at Albright's Pharmacy, Fourth Street, East Liverpool, O.



Result in 4 weeks.

Seneca Pills RESTORE **LOST VIGOR**

When in doubt what to use for Nervous Debility, Loss of Sexual Power (in either sex), Impotency, Atrophy, Varicocele and other weaknesses, from any cause, use Seneca Pills. Health and full vigor quickly restored. If neglected, such troubles result fatally. Mailed anywhere, sealed, for $1.00; 6 boxes for $5.00. With every $5.00 order we give a legal guarantee to cure or refund the money. Address PEARL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Alvin H. Bulger, Druggist, Cor. Sixth and West Market, East Liverpool, O.

SATURDAY NIGHT,
NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE,
JAS. E. ORR, Manager.
JANUARY 26

The Big Naval Play,

THE ENSIGN.

A Stirring Story of the Sea, Portraying Life On

AN AMERICAN MAN O' WAR.

President's Room in the White House.

View of Havana (Cuba) Harbor.

Spar Deck U. S. Man o' War.

Greatest of American Plays.

Prices $1.00, 75c, 50c, 35c, 25c.

Seats Now On Sale at Orrs.

3—NIGHTS—3
COMMENCING
MONDAY NIGHT, JAN. 28th.

Wolford, Sheridan & Holmes Co.
Presenting Three Great Scenic Plays,
THE SMUGGLERS!
The TRAIN WRECKERS
UNDERGROUND!

5,000 pounds of new special scenery and mechanical effects used in these magnificent productions.

Popular Prices 10c, 20c, 30c.

Free Night, Monday, Jan. 28. Two persons, lady and gent, or two ladies admitted on one paid 30c ticket.
Special Notice—All scenery advertised will be shown here.

RISINGER & LEEK,
102 Sixth Street.
Restaurant and Confectionery.

Oysters in Every Style.
Choicest of Lunches.
Separate Apartments for Gentlemen Accompanied by Ladies.
Finest Candies and Confections.
Rowe's Bread and Cakes.
Watson Block.

Rubber Stamps

Can be furnished on short notice by leaving your order with
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WANTED.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL AS CHAMBERmaid. Inquire Grand Hotel.

FOR RENT—FINEST ROOMS IN THE city. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE—SHETLAND PONY, THREE years old, broke to saddle; will be sold very cheap. For full particulars apply to Charles Harker, 270 Sixth street.

Ripans Tabules cure jaundice.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div.
Pennsylvania Lines.
Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward.	335	337	339	341	49	59
	AM	PM	PM	PM	PM	AM
Pittsburgh lv	6 05	1 30	4 10	*11 00		
Rochester "	7 05	2 15	5 10	11 50		
Beaver "	7 10	2 19	5 17	11 55		
Export "	7 14	....	5 22	11 59		
Industry "	7 28	....	5 35	12 11		
Cooks Ferry "	7 33	....	5 39	12 15		
Smiths Ferry "	7 43	2 37	5 50	12 20		
East Liverpool "	7 53	2 46	6 00	12 30		
Wellsville ar	8 03	2 55	6 10	12 40		
Wellsville lv	8 08	3 00	6 25	12 45		
Wellsville Shop "	8 11	....	6 30	12 50		
Yellow Creek "	8 16	....	6 36	12 55		
Hammondsville "	8 23	....	6 43	1 03		
Irondale "	8 26	....	6 45	1 05		
Salineville "	8 42	3 34	7 05	1 27		
Bayard "	9 20	4 08	PM	2 05		
Alliance ar	9 44	4 30		2 30		
Alliance lv	10 05	4 35		2 55		
Ravenna "	10 40	5 05		3 38		
Hudson "	11 02	5 25		4 08		
Cleveland ar	12 10	6 25		5 25		
Wellsville lv	8 13	3 05	6 20	15 55	5 05	11 02
Wellsville Shop "	8 18	3 08	6 23	5 58		11 05
Yellow Creek "	8 25	3 13	6 29	6 03		11 10
Port Homer "	8 30	3 18	6 33	6 07		
Empire "	8 35	3 23	6 39	6 12	5 28	11 21
Elliottsville "	8 41	3 28	6 42	6 18		11 25
Toronto "	8 45	3 33	6 48	6 30	5 37	11 28
Browns "	8 52	3 38	6 55	6 37		
Steubenville ar	9 08	3 55	7 15	6 55	5 55	11 45
Steubenville lv	9 08	3 55	7 15	6 55	5 55	11 45
Mingo Je "	9 15	4 05	7 24	7 05	6 06	11 53
Brilliant "	9 22	4 15	7 32	7 14		12 01
Rush Run "	9 33	4 26	7 41	7 24		12 10
Portland "	9 40	4 37	7 47	7 30	6 25	12 16
Yorkville "	9 45	4 38	7 52	7 37		12 21
Martins Ferry "	9 58	4 50	8 02	7 53	6 40	12 28
Bridgeport "	10 05	4 58	8 10	7 58	6 46	12 34
Bellaire ar	10 15	5 10	8 20	8 10	6 55	12 54
	AM	PM	PM	AM	PM	PM

Eastward.	340	336	58	338	60	48
	AM	AM	AM	PM	PM	PM
Bellaire lv	*5 00	*9 00	*10.30	*2 30	*1 00	*6 00
Bridgeport "	5 08	9 09	10 43	2 44	1 10	6 13
Martins Ferry "	5 16	9 15	10 50	2 51	1 16	6 20
Yorkville "	f5 25	....	11 02	3 04	....	6 32
Portland "	5 30	9 28	11 07	3 11	1 28	6 37
Rush Run "	5 35	9 33	11 15	3 19	....	6 45
Brilliant "	5 43	9 41	11 27	3 31	1 42	6 57
Mingo Je "	5 50	9 48	11 36	3 42	1 50	7 06
Steubenville ar	5 59	9 56	11 45	3 55	1 58	7 15
Steubenville lv	5 59	9 56	11 45	3 55	1 58	7 23
Browns "	f6 15	....	12 01	4 08	....	7 30
Toronto "	6 22	10 19	12 06	4 15	2 19	7 35
Elliottsville "	6 26	....	12 10	4 17	....	7 39
Empire "	6 32	10 30	12 17	4 25	2 27	7 47
Port Homer "	f6 35	....	12 22	4 30	....	7 52
Yellow Creek "	6 41	10 40	12 29	4 39	....	7 59
Wellsville Shop "	6 46	10 45	12 35	4 45	....	8 05
Wellsville ar	6 50	10 50	12 40	4 50	2 45	8 10
Wellsville lv	8 08				3 00	
Wellsville Shop "	8 11				....	
Yellow Creek "	8 16				....	
Hammondsville "	8 23				3 34	
Irondale "	8 26				3 37	
Salineville "	8 42				3 55	
Bayard "	9 20				4 35	
Alliance ar	9 44				5 05	3 42
Alliance lv	10 05				5 25	AM
Ravenna "	10 40				6 00	*3 55
Hudson "	11 02				6 25	4 06
Cleveland ar	12 10				7 30	4 18
Wellsville lv	7 00	11 00		5 00	10	4 20
East Liverpool "	7 10	11 10		5 10	22	4 32
Smiths Ferry "	7 20	11 20		5 20	35	4 39
Cooks Ferry "	7 28	11 26		5 26	45	4 46
Industry "	7 32	11 31		5 30	50	4 51
Vanport "	7 45	11 40		5 40	58	5 00
Beaver "	7 51	11 45		5 45	12	5 05
Rochester "	8 00	11 50		5 50	20	5 10
Pittsburgh ar	9 00	12 40		6 50	8 00	6 00
	AM	PM		PM	PM	AM

*Daily. †Meals. Dark Faced Type denotes 12 noon to 12 midnight. Light Faced Type denotes 12 midnight to 12 noon.

Nos. 335 and 342 connect in Union Station, Pitts., with thro' trains East.

Daily. Sunday. Daily Except Sunday.

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on **Nos. 341** and **342**, and **Parlor Cars** on **Nos. 336** and **337** between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. **No. 336** connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; **No. 340** for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and **337** connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. **Nos. 60** and **340** connect with **Nos. 337** and **335** at Wellsville.

JOSEPH WOOD, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent.
11-30-94-H PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

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Pittsburg, Marion & Chicago Railway Co

Commencing Monday, Sept. 11, 1893, trains will run as follows:

WEST.				EAST.		
Second Class—35.	First Class—43.	First Class—9.	STATIONS.	First Class—4.	First Class—34.	Second Class—36.
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
6 30	5 25	8 45	New Galilee	3 00	8 00	2 00
....	....	....	Riverside	....	....	....
6 45	5 32	8 58	Darlington	2 51	7 53	1 47
9 05	5 41	9 00	Cannelton	2 40	7 45	1 30
....	5 46	9 05	Watts Mill	2 35	7 40	....
9 30	5 52	9 11	Holly	2 28	7 33	1 10
9 50	6 02	9 21	Mill Rock	2 16	7 22	12 45
10 05	6 09	9 27	Rogers	2 08	7 16	12 35
10 15	6 15	9 33	Signal	2 00	7 10	12 25
10 45	6 28	9 46	Elkton	1 45	6 56	12 10
11 15	6 40	10 00	New Lisbon	1 30	6 45	11 45

"A" a. m.; "P" p. m.; "S" regular stop; "f" stop on signal to receive or discharge passengers or freight.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N.Y.

With Powder and Dynamite.

Jan. 24, 1881, was the date of Skobeleff's great victory in the trenches of Geok-Tepe on the road to Herat, in central Asia. Forty thousand Turcomans with their families and slaves made a stand at Geok-Tepe behind an immense clay wall 20 feet high and 20 feet wide, built after the fashion of Russian fieldworks. Artillery produced no impression on it, so Skobeleff fought his way step by step near enough to sink mines under the rampart.

Kouropatkin, the Skobeleff of Russia that was to be after the death of the renowned fighter, bore the brunt of the attack. At the firing of the mines, one of dynamite and another of powder, Kouropatkin led his men, numbering 1,000, to the breach. The Turcomans bravely stood on the walls until cut down. Eight thousand of them were killed in an hour of terrible hand to hand fighting. While the stormers were at work Skobeleff's cannon bombarded the walls between the mines and fired over them to demoralize their defenders. The Turcomans had no cannon and were poorly armed to cope with the Russian breechloaders. Yet they defended the ditches until they filled them with their bodies. The trenches and the mine craters were choked with corpses, and 4,000 were lying within the walled inclosure. One-half the ablebodied men in the Turkish army were killed. More than 400,000 missiles were hurled at them during the assault and in the pursuit which followed the victory of Kouropatkin's stormers. Skobeleff's capture of Geok-Tepe opened the way for the columns of the czar to march upon the frontier of India. It put an end to those man stealing expeditions of the Turcomans which filled the north Persian countries with terror and supplied the slave markets of central Asia.

GEORGE L. KILMER.

Heroes of Jackson's Creek War.

Jan. 24, 1814, saw General Jackson's last battle with the Creeks on his famous raid into the Indian country. Old Hickory made this campaign on purpose to give his idle Tennessee volunteers practice in real warfare.

At the crossing of Enotachopo creek, when all but the rear guard and the Nashville artillery company were safely over, the Indians rushed to the attack. The rear guard fled in panic, leaving the artillerymen alone with their solitary gun. Jackson turned back instantly, followed by his tried heroes, among them the brave General John Coffee, having been wounded two days before, was borne on a litter. Springing up and mounting a horse he rode back across the stream into the thickest danger. His reddened bandages became the oriflamb of battle. The artillerists, led by Lieutenant Robert Armstrong, dragged the cannon to a hilltop and swore to die before yielding. The Indians, thoroughly armed with rifles, made the men on the hill a target and immediately shot down eight of them out of a company of 25. Armstrong went down first, exclaiming with his last breath, "My brave fellows, you must save the cannon!" During the excitement of unlimbering the gun to drag it up the hill, the rammer and pick had been left behind. In the midst of the terrible fusillade, Private Craven Jackson primed the piece with musket powder, using his ramrod for a pick, and fired the shell at a crowd of savages. His comrade, Constantine Perkins, coolly unfixed his bayonet and used his musket barrel to ram the cannon charges home.



GENERAL COFFEE.

These two men, almost alone, carried out Armstrong's dying request. They saved the cannon and, still better, they saved the day, for the Indians could not stand before "big guns." A half dozen of their well aimed charges of grapeshot crashing among the trees where the savages were in hiding started them out of the forest like flushed partridges, and the Tennesseeans hunted them across the open country for miles.

GEORGE L. KILMER.

EXCURSION TO CALIFORNIA AND FLORIDA.

If you are contemplating a trip to Florida or California, or any point south or west, a postal card or note of inquiry addressed to the undersigned will secure for you full information as to rates, time tables, etc., via the Pennsylvania Short Lines, or a personal visit from a competent passenger agent if desired. D. C. MacWatters, district passenger agent, 1127 Liberty street, Pittsburg.

Splendid line of misses' and children's underwear below cost at Wallace's.

Carpets at such low prices as will astonish you at Wallace's.

Scrim goods below cost at Wallace's.

A LAKE VESSEL LOST.

Wreckage of the Chicora Found Near South Haven, Mich.

THE CREW PROBABLY PERISHED.

Twenty-Five Persons Aboard the Boat When She Foundered—Four of the Crew Had Families—The Rest Thought to Be Unmarried—Monetary Loss, $160,000.

BENTON HARBOR, Mich., Jan. 24.—The following telegram has come to J. H. Graham from South Haven, Mich., signed by E. A. Napier: "We have just found some of the Chicora's upper works in the ice off this port. There is no doubt she has foundered."

No further hope of seeing the boat is entertained here. The complete list of those on board is as follows:

Edward Stines, captain, St. Joseph, Mich.; C. D. Simons, first mate, Benton Harbor, Mich.; Benjamin Stines, second mate, St. Joseph, Mich., captain's son; Joseph Marks, wheelman, Benton Harbor; Thomas Robertson and John Hodges, watchmen; Robert McClure, chief engineer, Detroit; A. Wirtz, second engineer, Detroit; Grant A. Downey, oiler, Detroit; Nate Lynch, cook, St. Joseph; James Nalone, pantryman, Chicago; W. M. Morgan, head waiter, Benton Harbor; James R. Clark, clerk, St. Joseph; Joseph Hearl, passenger, St. Joseph; eight deck hands, names unknown; two firemen, names unknown; one coal passer, name unknown.

James R. Clarke, Captain Stines, Mate Simons, Engineer McClure and Nate Lynch, the cook, had families. As far as known here all the others are single men.

The wreckage of the steamer which was found two miles south of South Haven, consisted of the bridge and the pilothouse bearing the vessel's name. Her cargo consisted entirely of flour, and was worth $20,000. The vessel was valued at $140,000. There was not a cent of insurance on either cargo or vessel.

BARRIOS MUST BE AFRAID.

He Mortgages His Guatemalan Plantation.

Warlike Spirit Among Mexicans.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 24.—It is reported here that President Barrios of Guatemala has mortgaged all his plantations and sent the money to Spain. The Guatemalan answer to Mexico's ultimatum is expected today.

The students who Tuesday declared in favor of war are of the best families of Mexico. The young men are a remarkably intelligent and independent body. They have been remarkably free in their criticism of the government policy, their ideas being usually very radical and far in advance of the most liberal of liberals. For that reason they have generally been found in opposition to the administration. The dignified and firm attitude of President Diaz in the question of the hour has, however, won their hearts, and the meeting of Tuesday was called to support him in the stand he has taken.

There is much activity in the medical department of the army. Your correspondent is advised that should war be declared, General Bernardo Reyes of Monterey will be made commander of the Mexican forces. The students who made the demonstration have decided to form a regiment and give the command to General Escobode. It is reported that in the different states public meetings will raise men and furnish ample means. The indications are that Barrios, president of Guatemala, expects aid from Spain on account of his bold stand.

Will Go Hard With the Farmers.

TOPEKA, Jan. 24.—Subpoenas have been issued for over 1,000 settlers on lands purchased from the Union Pacific railroad in Dickinson, Ellsworth and Saline counties. They are asked to answer a suit brought by the government to oust them from the lands which were granted to the Union Pacific by an act of congress and afterward sold to settlers. The government claims that the grant was invalid and that the land should revert to the government and be opened to settlement under the homestead law. If this claim holds the farmers have scant remedy, as the Union Pacific is in the hands of receivers.

Railroad Directors Elected.

NEWARK, O., Jan. 24.—At the annual meeting of the Newark, Somerset and Straitsville Railroad company, the following directors were elected: David Lee and M. Churchill, Zanesville; W. W. Peabody, Cincinnati; J. H. Collins, Columbus; R. T. Devries and J. D. Culbertson, Wheeling; John Reed, Mansfield; J. M. Graham, Newark, and Franklin Ames, Chicago. The board organized by electing David Lee president and P. C. Sneed secretary and treasurer.

May Try to Shift the Blame.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 24.—It is believed that the defense in the Hayward trial will try to shift the responsibility for the murder to Adry Hayward, brother of Harry. The defense demanded that Adry's story be given them. The brother detailed the whole story of his brother's plan to murder Miss Ging, as has heretofore been published in these dispatches.

Aid For the Nebraskans.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 24.—Twelve carloads of supplies have arrived in Lincoln from Georgia and were promptly distributed to different points in Southern Nebraska. Eighteen carloads of provisions from New Orleans and two from South Carolina are reported on the way.

Will Aid Mayor Strong.

ALBANY, Jan. 24.—The assembly has passed the power of removal bill, which is designated to give the mayor of New York the power to remove the chief of departments in the city government. The vote was 102 to 13.

To Resubmit Prohibition.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 24.—In the house Mr. Patten (Bath) has presented a bill providing for the submission of the prohibition question to the people at the next election, to be voted on by yes and no ballot.

MANUFACTURERS' CONVENTION.

Reports of Committees Expected To-Day. Resolutions Adopted.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 24.—The reports of the committees to the manufacturers' convention are expected today. Their reports will be followed by the election of officers and the selection of permanent headquarters. The delegates have been entertained at a reception by the Queen City club with an elaborate luncheon, and the Symphony club of the chamber of commerce gave the delegates a concert and entertainment. The following resolutions have been adopted:

"Resolved, That the National Association of Manufacturers adopts the following as the basis of its organization: To the largest possible extent our home market should be retained and applied by our own producers, and our foreign relations should be extended in every direction and manner not inconsistent therewith.

"The principle of reciprocity should be embodied in the national legislation, in accordance with the requirements of equity, so that reciprocal trade relations between the United States and foreign countries may be developed.

"Believing that ships sailing under the flag of the United States should carry our entire maritime commerce, and in view of the injury thereto by subsidized foreign shipping, we declare in favor of a judicious system of subsidies in order to complete restoration and extension of our merchant marine.

"The Nicaragua canal being essential to the commerce of the United States and of national importance, we favor its construction and operation under the control of the federal government.

"Our national and artificial waterways should be improved and extended by the federal government to full needs of commerce, connecting the great lakes with the rivers of the Mississippi valley and the Atlantic seaboard."

EMPLOYES MUST HUSTLE.

An Aggressive Policy to Be Pursued by the Lake Shore.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 24.—There are many stories in circulation in railroad circles to the effect that the heretofore conservative policy of the Lake Shore Railroad company, under the management of the late John Newell, will be entirely changed under General Caldwell, the newly appointed president. It is said that in the future the policy of the road will be aggressive, and the passenger and freight men of the line will be expected to get out and hustle for business.

It is also stated that there is a strong probability of a new issue of stock soon to be made by the company. This new stock is to be issued only to present stockholders of the road, and the income is to be used to pay off the bonded indebtedness. What surplus there is will be used for the purpose of elevating the company's stocks in Chicago.

Women Issue a Cleveland Paper.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 24.—The women's edition of the Cleveland Plain Dealer, published by the Non-Partisan W. C. T. U., appeared today. The main sheet was devoted to editorial matter and the news of the day, and there were several supplements filled with illustrated special articles and literary matter. The proceeds of the advertisements and the sale of the papers for the day will go to one of the charities maintained by the W. C. T. U. The first copy of the paper that came from the press has been purchased by a Cleveland gentleman for $1,000.

A Lumberdealers' Convention.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 24.—Over 400 persons are here attending the annual meeting of the Union Association of Lumber Dealers. The delegates are from Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia and Indiana. Tonight they leave on a lumber excursion inspection for the southwest. In his annual address, President Thomas said the insurance companies had raised their rates to from 6 to 12 per cent on mills and from 2 to 6 per cent on lumber and recommended the organization of a mutual insurance company among themselves.

Chautauqua Officers Elected.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 24.—At the third annual meeting of the trustees of the National Chautauqua Assembly association the following officers were elected: President, Lewis Miller, Akron, O.; first vice president, Clem Studebaker, South Bend, Ind.; second vice president, R. A. Miller, Canton, O.; third vice president, E. S. Dusenberry, Parksville, N. Y.; secretary and superintendent, William A. Duncan, Syracuse, N. Y.; secretary and treasurer, Ed A. Skinner, Westfield, N. Y.; chancellor, Bishop J. H. Vincent, Topeka, Kan.; executive committee, J. C. Gifford, J. T. Edwards, William Thomas, W. H. Sott, R. A. Killer and F. W. Hyde.

Served In an Ohio Regiment.

INDEPENDENCE, Kan., Jan. 24.—W. A. McCully, for 25 years a leading physician and prominent citizen of this place, is dead. He served as surgeon of the Sixty-fifth Ohio infantry during the war, and successfully treated the yellow fever in Florida while health officer of the United States army. He was himself stricken with the fever, but volunteered his services again in 1878, during the scourge at Memphis.

Incorporated In Ohio.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 24.—The following atricles of incorporation were filed in the office of the secretary of state: Cleveland Psylic association, Home Building, Loan and Savings company, capital stock increased from $50,000 to $100,000; Sprague Carriage company, Berea, capital stock $15,000; F. C. Trebein company, Trebein's station, capital stock $60,000; Cox Oil company, Ottawa, capital stock $10,000.

The Haydealers' Convention.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 24.—The session of the convention of the National Haydealers' association was devoted to a discussion of various topics of interest to the trade. The most important question taken up was the report of the committee on grades and classifications.

Cincinnati Live Stock Market.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 23.

HOGS—Market active and higher at $3.50@4.45; receipts, 2,000 head; shipments, 400 head.

CATTLE—Market firm at $2.00@4.60; receipts, 700 head; shipments, 100 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep, market easy at $1.50@4.00; receipts, 1,800 head; shipments, 00 head. Lambs steady at $2.50@4.25.

WHIPS USED IN CHURCH.

Ministers' Wives Lash Each Other—One Preacher Whipped.

PERRY, O. T., Jan. 24.—A horse-whipping in church, participated in by ministers' wives, in the middle of the services, is the sensation at a country church just over the line in Oklahoma, near Ingalls. Some months ago Rev. Dr. Johnson of Kansas succeeded Rev. Tulley, being called by a faction antagonistic to the latter. The Rev. Tulley continued with the church in the capacity of deacon. A few Sundays ago the deacons were severely criticized by the new pastor. Tulley felt the sting and declared he would avenge it. He wrote, it is said, to the old home of Dr. Johnson and received some information that reflected on the minister and especially his wife.

At the close of the doctor's sermon, Tulley read the letter, and great commotion followed. Mrs. Johnson slipped from the church unnoticed and soon returned with a buggy whip in her hand. Rushing at Rev. Tulley, she administered a severe lashing before the astonished parishioners. Tulley was badly beaten up. In the general row that followed, Tulley's wife secured the whip and began to apply it to her husband's assailant. When finally pulled of, Mrs. Johnson was unconscious. The two women and several of the brethren were arrested and have since been fined. The cases are still in court and are causing much excitement.

HERBERT A GUEST.

He and Others at the New York Board of Trade Banquet.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—The New York board of trade and transportation gave a dinner last evening. The dinner was at Delmonicos and 180 members of the board and 20 guests were at the tables.

Hon. Hillary A. Herbert, secretary of the navy, occupied a seat a the right of President Darwin R. James and Mayor William L. Strong was to have been seated at his left, but was compelled to send regrets.

The toasts were: "The Navy as Related to Trade and Transportation," responded to by Secretary of the Navy Herbert; "Reform In Consular and Diplomatic Service," responded to by Hon. Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts; "The College In Relation to Mercantile Life," by Andrew V. V. Raymond; The Interest of Trade and Transportation In the Subject of Taxation," by Hon. Tom L. Johnson; "Merchants and Municipal Reform," by Edward M. Sheperd; and "Our Forests, Their Value and Preservation," responded to by Hon. David McClure, Senator Lexow was to have responded to the toast, "Municipal Government," but he, too, sent his regrets.

More Trouble on the Lehigh.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 24.—General Secretary Wilson of Peoria, Ills., has addressed a large meeting of locomotive firemen in this city. Mr. Wilson was called here by the local branch of the brotherhood to discuss their grievances with the Lehigh valley. The firemen claim that when the Lehigh valley strike ended 16 months ago, part of the agreement entered into with the company was that the old employes should be taken back as fast as vacancies occurred. It is averred that the company has not kept its word as, while very few of the old hands have been reinstated, places have been made for many new men. What will be the outcome of Mr. Wilson's visit cannot now be foretold.

Dr. Parkhurst Lectures In Chicago.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—Dr. Parkhurst of New York lectured upon municipal government to an audience that filled Central Music hall. His address was delivered under the auspices of the Marquette club, and was in brief a story of how Tammany was hunted in New York. He utilized his experience in New York as a fund of suggestion to the members of the club, who propose to work in this city some such work as Dr. Parkhurst led in New York.

Japs to Start a Steamship Line.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—A dispatch to The Times from Kobe says that a direct Japanese steamship line, under government sanction, will be opened to Talien-Wan and Port Arthur. The dispatch adds that the port of Mokpho, in Southern Korea, will be opened to foreign trade next May. A Shanghai dispatch says that the Japanese are extending their operations on the Shan Tung promontory. It further says that the European residents of Che-Foo are safe.

For a New Masonic Temple.

DETROIT, Jan. 24.—The cornerstone of the Masonic temple has been laid with full Masonic ceremonies and in the presence of representatives of Masonry from all parts of the state. A splendid parade preceded the stonelaying, participated in by representative lodges of all departments of Masonry and numbering altogether about 8,000 men.

Ordered Not to Train Men.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Jan. 22.—A notice purporting to emanate from district assembly No. 75, K. of L., has reached all motormen in this city ordering them to break in no new men until the Brooklyn street railway strike shall be settled. The notice was afterward rescinded.

Three Burned to Death.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 24.—Three persons were burned to death and two seriously injured at a fire in a morrocco factory. The names of those burned were Antonio Graff, 50 years old; Tony Schultz, 25 years old; Frank McSorley, 15 yerrs old.

Harris' Formal Election.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 24.—The senate and house has met in joint session and voted for United States senator. The vote stood: Isham G. Harris (Dem.), 79; E. J. Sanford (Rep.), 39; A. L. Mims Pop.) 9. Mr. Harris was re-elected.

General Mosely Dead.

DENISON, Tex., Jan. 24.—Governor Mosely of the Chickasaw nation is dead at his home in Pontitoc county. He was one of the strongest men in the territory to oppose statehood.

Nelson Succeeds Washburn.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 24.—The two houses of the Minnesota legislature, in joint session, voted for a successor to W. D. Washburn, and Governor Nelson was elected.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Charles Warner is very ill.

C. Schlichting, of Philadelphia, has moved his family to this city.

George Campbell, who assaulted Joseph Simpson, was in city hall last night, and paid $6 60 for his amusement.

The many friends of Mrs. Holland, wife of Doctor Holland, of Wellsville, will be pleased to hear that she is recovering after a severe illness.

The light company have returned the big machines used immediately after the fire, the new dynamos having been placed in working order.

A. K. Burroughs, traveling auditor of the Cleveland & Pittsburg, has returned to Bedford, taking with him some fine ware purchased when in the city.

The police have no prisoners at present the jail having been empty for several days. There is a dearth of disorder, which speaks well for the city.

Eugene Hanke, of Pittsburg, gave an exhibition of fancy skating at the rink last night, and was loudly applauded by the crowd that witnessed it.

Miss Leona Stewart, of West Virginia, has been ill since she came here to visit at the home of Robert Hall Kossuth street, but has almost recovered.

Great inconvenience was experienced at the First Methodist Epispopal church last night when the electric lights went out. Services were conducted in the semi darkness.

One of the sights of the day was a farmer driving a sled down Washington street this morning. That would not have been unusual if there was snow on the street or if there was good sleighing in the country.

Miss Carrie Campbell, a well known young lady of this city who is teaching school at the Allison school house across the river, gave an old fashioned spelling bee last evening. A number of persons from this city, and a large crowd from Grant district were in attendance.

A man going to East End and a colored expressman had the vast sum of 10 cents up on a bet at the local depot yesterday afternoon. The expressman won by carrying a big trunk on his back from the baggage room to the sidewalk. The affair amused a good sized crowd.

A typographical error in the issue of yesterday made the NEWS REVIEW say that the mercury was at two degrees above zero when the number should have been 20. The remarkable feature which caused the item was lost, for the idea was to show the extreme bitterness of the wind.

There is a late law compelling banks or any person doing a banking business to make and return to the probate judge a list of unknown depositors. It is a dead letter here because the banks know all their depositors, and people do not forget that they have money in the banks.

There is more talk of the trunk line from New York to Chicago passing through the northern part of the state with branches to important towns along the route. It will be remembered that a survey from some point along the projected main line was made to Wellsville two years ago.

There will be some business changes in the spring although they have not all been announced, and the ones who know are saying nothing for publication. Among the promised ones are the sale of a dry goods house, and the removal to new quarters of one of the largest establishments in the city. The founding of another industry is said to be among the events soon to come.

Another belt broke at the light plant last evening, and the incandescent system was paralyzed during the rest of the night. New belts had been ordered from Pittsburg, but as they did not arrive in time an old one, which it was thought would endure the strain, was used. At the office of the company today it was learned that the system would be in good order tonight, and the lights all be able for service.

Two Liverpool boys ran away Tuesday night and succeeded in getting as far as Yellow Creek before they decided that running away was not the glaring success it seemed when they read the little yellow covered books with which their pockets were stuffed. They attempted to board a freight train at the junction, but it was moving too fast, and they gave it up as a bad job. They returned the next morning very tired and perfectly willing to live at home.

The Elks who went from this city to Rochester last evening numbered 27, and every one of them had a pleasant evening. After initiating two applicants the whole party went to the Hotel Speyerer, and enjoyed a banquet of such proportions as to open the eyes of the visitors. George Buxton, of this city, made the address for East Liverpool, and a Beaver Falls attorney spoke for Rochester. The Lisbon party failed to arrive, and it is thought they did not make connection.

ARCADE GROCERY.

Buy Here and Save Money.

I have just opened up in the grocery business in East Liverpool, and shall make it my aim to please and profit patrons through the medium of first class

Groceries and Provisions.

I make a special feature of choice Butter and fresh Eggs, which I shall handle wholesale and retail.

Many years experience in the business makes me confident that I can render satisfaction to patrons. Believing that I can give you satisfaction, I respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

J. F. QUICK,

273 E. Market. 266 Broadway

Huling's Electric Company,

Seventh Street.

Wiring Promptly Attended To

We have secured the services of an expert in this line, MR. JAMES BEATTY, of Pittsburg, and can guarantee first-class work in every particular. Wiring of new buildings on short notice, while altering of fixtures in old buildings will be skillfully attended to. Rates reasonable.

NEXT THOMAS' PORCELAIN WORKS.

Lamps can be had at the company's factory on Seventh street at prevailing prices, and will be delivered upon request.

DR. L. C. JACKMAN,

POPULAR DENTIST

Sixth and Diamond, East Liverpool, Ohio.

Teeth extracted without pain, with the use of our Local Anæsthetic. No chloroform, no ether, no loss of consciousness, positively no pain. We also administer gas and vitalized air.

No inexperienced students allowed to have entire charge of, or permitted to even practice in our office.

Open evenings from 7 to 8 o'clock.



Ask Your Dealer About Them.

For Sale by J. R. WARNER.

Caution about the Use and Selection of Spectacles

"Persons having normal vision will be able to read this print at a distance of 14 inches from the eyes with ease and comfort; also will be able to read it with each eye separately. If unable to do so your eyes are defective and should have immediate attention. When the eyes become tired from reading or sewing, or if the letters look blurred and run together, it is a sure indication that glasses are needed. The lenses sold in the cheap goods are of unequal density and have imperfectly formed surfaces. Continued use of these poorer lenses will result in positive injury from the constant strain upon the muscles of accomodation to supply the defects in the glass."

JOHN T. ROBERTS,

THE JEWELER,

Fits Eyes Correctly. Fine Watch Repairing. Ikirt Block, East Liverpool, O.

DR. O. D. SHAY,

Golding Block,

East Liverpool, Ohio.

Special attention to rupture, and complete cure guaranteed.

A. W. SCOTT,

ARCHITECT,

Foutts Building.

DAVID BOYCE, President.
J. M. KELLY, Vice President.
N. G. MACRUM, Cashier.
H. H. BLYTHE, Assistant Cashier.

Board of Directors:
David Boyce. W. L. Thompson.
J. M. Kelly. Wm. H. Vodrey.
Robert Hall. B. C. Simms.
John C. Thompson.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF EAST LIVERPOOL.

Capital.....$100,000
Surplus and Earnings. 30,000

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Invite Business and Personal Accounts.

Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

108 WASHINGTON STREET

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. FIT FOR A KING.



$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
$4 $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
$2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S. EXTRA FINE.
$2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES.
$3. $2.50 $2. $1.75
BEST DONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

Over One Million People wear the W. L. Douglas $3 & $4 Shoes

All our shoes are equally satisfactory

They give the best value for the money.
They equal custom shoes in style and fit.
Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed.
The prices are uniform,---stamped on sole.
From $1 to $3 saved over other makes.
If your dealer cannot supply you we can. Sold by

WARNER'S, in the Diamond.

COLD WEATHER

Is now upon us. If you are in need of a good warm Winter Suit, Overcoat or Ulster come to us, and we will furnish you anything in our line at 25 per cent less than what you would have to pay elsewhere. Come in and see our

$15 SUITINGS and $13 OVERCOATS.

Fine Dovetail and Full Dress Suits in Vicunas, Tricots and Thibets, only $25 to $35. Best of workmanship and fit guaranteed.

H. A. KERNOTT,

147 Fourth St. The Tailor.

THE CROCKERY CITY MILLS.

VERY BEST FLOUR.

Perfecto—Patent.
Golden Rod—Patent.
Pride of the West—Straight Winter.
C. City—Straight Winter.
Buckeye—Family.

All Classes of Mill Feed.
Prices Very Reasonable.

C. METSCH.

VOICE CULTURE AND HARMONY.

I will be in my Recitation Room, No. 14, Third Floor, Y. M. C. A. Building, Cor. Fifth and Market Streets, Monday Mornings, 9 to 12, for the purpose of meeting those who desire instruction.

Thorough instruction will be given in Voice Culture and in all branches pertaining to a course in Harmony. To those wishing to take a course in music due credit will be given in conservatories for work done. Only those possessing talent will be accepted.

Prof. C. E. GOTSCHALL.

RESTAURANT and ICE CREAM PARLOR

The finest establishment In this line in East Liverpool. Parties supplied with Bricks or large orders for Cream on short notice.

RALPH McCREADY,

(Hassey's Old Stand.)

Opposite Grand Opera House.

Harry Culbertson,

Daily Messenger to Pittsburg.

All Orders Will Have My Prompt Attention.

Leave orders at Chamberlain's, 118 Sixth street, or 153 Walnut Street.

BUY YOUR MONUMENTS.

Now is the time to purchase, in order to erect the coming spring. We have the finest materials and best of workmen, while prices are very reasonable.

COLES & EVERSON.

JACK FROST

Is busily engaged in frescoing windows, draping trees, nipping ears, tripping up pedestrians and chilling humanity. Purchase an interesting novel or periodical and a box of fragrant cigars and spend your evenings at home. Of course Jas. E. Orr handles the choicest literature and best brands of cigars. Call on him.

UTTER,

The Piano Tuner,

Makes Monthly Trips.
Leave Orders at Hotel Grand.

Down to Hard Pan.

Our stock of Suits and Overcoats must go at some price. One week more and we commence stock taking, previous to that time you shall have the one opportunity of the season. Remember we mean just what we say. You can buy Suits and Overcoats of us during the next week at unheard of low prices. All must go without reserve. If you don't need an Overcoat until next fall it will pay you to buy now of us. You cannot make a better investment at any rate. Come and see what we can offer you. It won't cost you anything to look.

GEO. C. MURPHY,

One Price Clothier, Hatter and Furnisher,

In the Diamond.

Alvin H. Bulger

The Druggist,

Bears the reputation of being one of the most careful and skillful prescription druggists in Ohio, and this accounts for the splendid business he has built up in East Liverpool and surrounding country. Merit and attention to business are sure to win in the long run. When you desire prescriptions carefully compounded you will call on

BULGER,

Sixth and West Market.

HOWARD L. KERR.

GREAT REDUCTIONS IN PRICES OF WHEELS.

Model A Eclipse, which sold this season for $125, now selling for 30 days at $75.

Model B Semi High Grade, sold this season for $100, now selling for $55.

A general reduction of from 25 to 60 per cent. in all grades of Bicycles handled.

Remember we guarantee each of these wheels and these reductions are for 30 days only, to close out a large stock. All kinds of repairing attended promptly in the most skillful manner.

IN THE DIAMOND,

East Liverpool, - - Ohio.

ATLANTIC TEA CO.

Beware!
People who bite on Cheap advertisements Are sure to get bitten in the quality of the Goods. We sell all Standard Goods at the Following prices:

7 lbs rolled oats	.25
10 lbs new corn meal	.25
4 cans new corn	.25
4 cans new peas	.25
4 cans new beans	.25
1 can tomatoes	.08
1 can salmon	.10
6 cans sardines	.25
5 pounds California raisins	.25
4 lb bulk cleaned currants	.25
4 lbs seedless raisins	.25
4 lbs lemon cakes	.25
4 lbs ginger snaps	.25
3 lbs evaporated apples	.25
5 lbs Carolina rice	.25
5 boxes corn starch	.25
6 boxes Rising Sun polish.	.25
5 lb sack salt	.04
5 lbs tapioca	.25

Also a large assortment of Holiday Goods that we are going to sell cheap.

Cor. Sixth and Diamond

PERSONAL MENTION.

—F. B. Martin went to Parkersburg on the Hudson.

—Joseph Smith is in East Rochester on business today.

—J. W. Chamberlain, of Akron, was here today on business.

—Mrs. George Travis is the guest of her parents in Toronto.

—Mrs. Charles Smith is here visiting friends from Midway, Pa.

—William Pilgrim, Sr., is in Pittsburg looking after business matters.

—Mr. and Mrs. Sam Brittain, of Cleveland, were the guests of friends here yesterday.

—Miss Nellie Smithson, of Macksburg, O., is visiting at the home of her uncle, J. F. Quick.

—J. A. Morrow and wife, formerly of this city but now of Pittsburg, are the guests of friends here.

—Reverend Farrel returned to Cleveland yesterday afternoon after a visit with relatives in this city.

—Herman Fleischman, of Cleveland, is the guest of friends here. He was formerly employed by William Erlanger.

The K. O. T. M. Hustler.

J. S. Burt, the hustling deputy who has been working in the city for the last two weeks, left this morning for Clarkson accompanied by E. Crites, Ed S. Johnson, S. H. Campbell and W. J. Terrence to institute a new tent with a charter list of 25. Mr. Burt has gained the confidence of his superior officers and has been placed in charge of ten counties adjoining Columbiana—all work of the Maccabees will be done under his direction. W. J. Terrence has been appointed deputy by Mr. Burt, and will enter upon his duties at once, continuing the work for Crockery tent.

Mr. Burt leaves tomorrow for Kent, where he will assist in a public installation and address the people in the interest of the Maccabees. He leaves a host of friends here who look for his return. *

Fine Furnishment.

Figuratively speaking the office of Mayor Gilbert and Chief Gill has been trimmed out in purple and fine linen, and is eagerly awaiting the next action in police court. The last addition is a handsome double desk, highly polished and presenting an appearance calculated to produce the belief that the city is rolling in wealth. The desk was a much needed institution, and is thoroughly appreciated by the officials.

See the Ensign.

The new naval play, the "Ensign" was originally produced in Washington, and then appeared in the principal cities of the country. It is a strong drama founded upon the Mason-Slidell incident in the early days of the Rebellion. Among the scenes presented are numerous views of an American man-of-war, officers and men moving about at their duties. It will be at the Grand on Saturday evening. *

Too Much Ice.

The towboat Pacific is laying up at Walker's with a tow of barges bound for Pittsburg. The boat can proceed no farther on account of the constantly increasing amount of ice in the river. The crew will go to Pittsburg to spend Sunday, but the boat will probably stay here a week.

Some Large Shipments.

Some large shipments of ware were made by water yesterday and today. The Ben Hur took 20 casks on her trip up the river, the Bedford loaded eight, while the Hudson beat both by shipping 70 packages at this point. These are the largest shipments for some time.

A Family Reunion.

G. W. Allison, of Fifth street, is attending a reunion of the family of Charles B. Allison, his father across the river today. The reunion is being held at the home of Robert Allison a member of the family. About 20 in all are present.

Gas Was Low.

There was little gas in the city last night, and this morning, complaints coming from every quarter. The supply is a little stronger this afternoon, and it is that the words of the housekeeper from this cause are almost at an end.

Fell on the Ice.

Charles Menough, a well known potter who is identified prominently with a number of secret societies, is nursing a very sore limb caused by a fall on Market street. The tendons of the injured leg cause the trouble.

Do you dance the Smithfield?

Must Leave the House.

The ejectment case of Clark Birch versus John King resulted in Squire Rose this morning giving Birch judgment as asked. King accordingly must vacate Birch's house on Lincoln avenue.

Entertained the Class.

Charles Daugherty, janitor of the high school, splendidly entertained 16 of the students last night.

THE KING OF INNISHKEA.

He Dwells on an Irish Island and Rules a Mayo Tribe.

About 16 miles from Dugort, in Achill island, out to sea, looking like a thin line of sand in the waves of the Atlantic, is the island of Innishkea. One fine morning our party started to visit it in a trusty hooker. As the hooker came in sight of the shore great excitement was visible among the islanders, and it was very hard to realize that we were still but 36 hours' journey from London.

The inhabitants turned out en masse. The women and children in their scanty garments of red flannel crouched outside their cabins, while numbers of the men ran down to the beach and put out in their coracles on chance of rowing us to land. It was a strange scene and curiously like a picture plate in a boy's book of adventures. We knew there was a king of Innishkea, and soon a tall, bronze faced man was pointed out to us as his majesty. On landing all the party were introduced and conducted by him to the palace, where the queen dowager, with her daughter, bade us welcome in true Irish fashion.

The old lady was in her picturesque native costume—red dress and plaid shawl over her head. The princess, however, had evidently on first sight of the hooker arrayed herself in modern fashion to do us honor, and we were amused on penetrating into the reception room to find advertisements from shops in Buckingham Palace road and St. Paul's churchyard hung up to embellish the wall, though only by a favored few could they be read.

The island was destitute of any school or means of instruction for the children, a very small proportion either understood or spoke English, and there was neither watch nor clock among the people, who had a happy go lucky idea of time and troubled themselves little as to Greenwich regulations.

There were no church bells to ring, no trains to catch, no office hours requiring punctuality, so when the sun was high in the heavens they would get through their not arduous farming duties, and when he sank in the great waste of waters they could sleep. The king's word settled all disputes. It was a hereditary monarchy, and his people, so far as he was concerned, were untaxed. Happy those states, thought some of the visitors, where royalty could be maintained with so little grandeur! However, I am in honesty bound to add we found King Philip had other means of filling his coffers besides levying taxes on his faithful subjects and learned the art of making good his opportunity whenever the Saxon stranger ventured to land on his shore. But Innishkea has an interest altogether apart from its situation, surrounded as it is by lovely views of mountain cliff and rocky headland. On this spot, hundreds of years ago, early Christian missionaries landed, and on top of a shelly mount, half a mile from the beach, are Christian remains of great antiquity. West of the island there stand also the ruins of a church said to have been built by the successors of St. Columba.—Leisure Hours.

The Old Time Singing School.

In the old colonial days when the great and the great-great-grandmothers were young the singing school was a well established institution, writes Mary E. Estes in a very accurate article telling exactly how "the old time concert" may be reproduced at a church entertainment in Ladies' Home Journal. It was usually held in the village schoolhouse, the schoolmaster often figuring as the singing master. Thither at regular intervals through the long winter months tripped the grandmas with their escorts. Little did they imagine as they lifted up their sweet voices in unison with the strong tenors and bassos that those same airs, even the very gowns they wore, would at some distant day be reproduced for the benefit of an appreciative audience. Yet it may be safely asserted that with the exception of the colonial tea the old folks' concert is the most popular of the old time entertainments.

The success of an undertaking of this sort depends largely upon the adaptability for her office of the person having the affair in hand. She must of necessity have an accurate conception of the manner in which these entertainments were conducted in our grandmothers' day. She must also become thoroughly imbued with the spirit of bat olden time.

A Fine Polish For Tinware.

When the kitchen range is cleaned out, there will be found in the flue under the oven a considerable quantity of gray dust. It is not ashes exactly, not yet soot, but a smoke deposit as near akin to lampblack as a coal fire is able to produce—soft, light, impalpable, finer than the finest flour. Not many among those who throw this into the ash bin are probably aware that this is the best thing in the world for polishing tinware, far surpassing all the prepared powders and pastes sold for that purpose. Apply it to the tin with a damp cloth, and a few strokes will produce such a luster as is on new ware or as the engraver puts upon his zinc plates by the use of charcoal.—Exchange.

Elgin Butter Company Opens Up.

Frank Culp, late of Wellsville, having purchased the fixtures of the Elgin Butter company, has opened up with a full supply of fresh butter, eggs, cheese, oysters, preserves, pickles, fresh meats, bologna, and all goods usually found in a first-class provision store. Give him a call at the old stand on Market street, and compare his prices with what you have been paying elsewhere.

Ladies, the silk velvets, all colors, below cost, at Wallace's.

Ready to Receive.

Mr. Swan has all his arrangements completed, and is ready to receive patients at the Silver Ash institute. The first patient enrolled will be given treatment for half price. *

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50c size contains two and one half times as much as 25c bottle.

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MAY MARRIAGES UNLUCKY.

Old Superstition Which Has Powerful Influence With European Bridal Couples.

The municipal statistics of the city of Marseilles show the observer that on the 28th of April, 1894, there were registered at the mayor's office in that town no less than 94 marriages. Why this enormous number? Because, according to an ancient tradition, couples that marry in the month of May expose themselves to great danger—death will soon smite the unfortunates, or, at the very least, their union will not be blessed with children. Therefore a large number of Marseillaise lovers availed themselves of the last days of April to join themselves in wedlock.

This curious superstition is by no means confined to Marseilles. M. le Blaut, a French investigator, ascribes to it an origin in Roman antiquity. The Roman poet Ovid said that May was no time for widows to marry or for young girls, and adds that the imprudent woman who braves fate by so doing will die early. Plutarch agrees to the truth of this.

It may be because of this ancient principle that the Roman Catholic church has made the month of May sacred to the Virgin. However this may be, the idea has certainly perpetuated itself with singular persistence. Tassoni, writing about the middle of the seventeenth century, relates that among the inhabitants of Ferraras many young nobles and princes who were married in May died only a few days afterward. "It is the observation of this strange fact," he observes, "that induced the Ferrarese, so it is said, to follow the ancient custom."

At the present day the superstition has not ceased to show itself in certain regions of Italy, in Roumania, in south Germany, Bohemia, Westphalia, England and France, notably in Saintonge and in the Cevennes, where every one acknowledges the truth of the proverb, "The month of flowers is a month of tears."

"Perhaps," said Plutarch, "the month of May is regarded as unlucky because it comes between April and June, the months respectively of Venus and Juno, the tutelary goddesses of marriage, or perhaps it is because May is the month of the feast of the Lemures, the souls of the dead."—Paris Letter.

TREE PLANTING IN FRANCE.

Useless Sand Dunes Converted Into Valuable Land With Pines.

The French thoroughly appreciate the advantages to be derived from systematic tree planting. Tracts of sand have been covered with pine forests, and the word lande, borrowed, as it is thought, from the German, is losing its meaning of "waste." Till a century ago a large portion of the forest of Fontainebleau consisted of bare sand hills, but the planting of pines was begun. A variety capable of standing the severest winters was evidently found, and millions of trees now diffuse healthy and agreeable odors, besides furnishing timber for fuel.

The decomposed fir needles, moreover, gradually form a crust of vegetable mold, permitting the growth of trees and shrubs less able than the pine to live on air. The department of the Landes, once a barren region, with sand so loose that people had to walk on stilts, is covered with pines, and the problem of draining the subsoil has been solved, as described in Edmond About's story of "Maitre Pierre."

The losses by fire and anxiety to produce something more remunerative than pine are now, however, inducing schemes of artificial fertilization. In many French watering places dunes have been transformed into woods, thus holding out to seaside visitors the attraction of agreeable shade and a change from monotonous beach. Shifting sands have been prevented from extending inland. In some cases dunes have been acquired by companies, which, after planting them, have cut them up into building lots and have seen them dotted with villas.

Elsewhere municipalities have taken up the matter, and in large operations the district or the department has provided the funds.—London Times.

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HARD'S

CANALS OF THE FUTURE.

They Will Be Large Enough For the Handling of a Heavy Business.

The history of the struggle between canals of small dimensions and of railroads has been the same in all countries. The fight raged bitterly for a number of years, the canals acting on the defensive, although they had as allies the states under whose patronage they were built and operated. The result has been the same in all cases—the unconditional surrender of the canals to the railroads. This, however, is not so much the fault of the system as of their management. The railroads have great advantages over canals. They are better able to abridge distances both by reason of superior speed and of facilities for overcoming elevations, spanning streams, free from danger of destructive floods, and piercing through the highest mountains, but their great success is mainly due to the fact that they have kept pace with the progress of the world.

Waterways built from the beginning of the eighteenth century to the first quarter of the nineteenth century were regarded ample to meet the requirements of trade at the time they were constructed, and there was in many instances a progressive improvement in their dimensions and appurtenances. But while the industrial, agricultural and commercial developments of the world have advanced to proportions not dreamed of a century ago canals have remained stationary. They are now obsolete and can no longer fulfill the requirements of cheap transportation in competition with railroads. The canals of the future must have the dimensions and the facilities for rapid transport to adapt them to the new conditions of commerce. They must not be barge or boat canals, but ample waterways for the free passage of such ships as are now engaged in carrying the world's trade. Of such canals we have now some important types in successful operation, and others in process of construction or in completion.—Chautauquan.

The Aim of Christ's Work.

"Peace on earth" was the aim of Christ's work in this world, writes Edward Bellamy in The Ladies' Home Journal. The whole gist of his doctrine and the burden of his teaching consisted in counsels to men how to put an end to strife with their fellow men and live together with them in mutual helpfulness. All this teaching, which was the whole content of his gospel, was grouped about and crystallized in the golden rule, whereon our modern world is founded as on an everlasting foundation. To believe in Christ and not to believe in the golden rule as the only plan for social organization seems to us a moral and rational impossibility—an unthinkable proposition. Just this, however, our ancestors undertook to do, and it is fair to admit that they were very frank about it. They made no pretenses.

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